

NetZero Plus (NZ+) Joint Capability Technology Demonstration





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NetZero Plus JCTD















JCTD BUDGET

	FY08	FY09	FY10
AS&C (Cash)	\$2.0M	\$2.0M	\$2.0M
Army REF / Energy Security TF (Cash)	\$0.75M	\$0.75M	\$0.75M
TOTAL CASH	\$2.75M	\$2.75M	\$2.75M
Service In-Kind Contributions	\$12.33M	\$11M	\$6M
Total	\$15.05M	\$13.75M	\$8.75M

Total Program Cost: \$37.55M

Warfighter Problem | Solution

EPCC

- Problem: Vulnerable lines of communication are subject to attack. Logistics convoys carry all classes of supplies to include fuel for power generation at Forward Operating Bases
- Solution: Leverage GOTS and COTS technologies to reduce fuel requirements at forward operating bases through reduced energy demand, efficient power distribution and increased alternative supply.

MANAGEMENT TEAM

Lead Service: Army

COCOM Sponsor: USCENTCOM

Technical Manager: Power Surety TF

Operational Manger: USCENTCOM J8

Transition Manager: PM-MEP

Supporting CoComs: USSOUTHCOM

Supporting Services/Agencies: DLA,

USMC



The Problem











The Need... Recommended a JCTD



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JOINT STAFF RAPID VALIDATION AND RESOURCING REQUEST

- (U) Title: Renewable Energy System
- (U) Submitted by: Commanding General, Multi-National Force-West (MNF-W)
- (U) Date Certified/Prioritized by Combatant Commander: July 25, 2006
- (U) Relative Priority: Priority 1
- (U) General Description:

[UI/FOUDO] Electrical power is a I NBF [Pwd] mission-critical requirement, without which operations in Multi-Mational Force West (MNF-W) will be severally degraded. More than ever our operating forces rely on the use electrical power to support critical command and control (CZ) functions; intelligence, surveillance, and recommaissance (ISR) assets; and life support services. To improve the security posture of the Al-Ambar Province of Iraq, NNF-W requires a renewable and self-sustainable energy solution to support forward operating bases (FODS), combat outposts (COPS), and observation posts (OPS) throughout MNF-W's battlespace.

(U//FOUO) Current means of supporting MNF-W's outlying bases consist of frequent logistic resupply convoys of class I (subsistence), Class III (petroleum, oil, and lubricants), and Class V (ammunition), with a preponderance of class III (petroleum). The constant threat of improvised explosive devices (IEDs), rocket propelled grenades (RFGs), and small arms fire (SAF) attacks along known ground lines of communications (GLOCs), and the necessity to traverse them to reach our outlying bases, places our Marines, soldiers, and sailors in harm's way each time we send out a convoy.

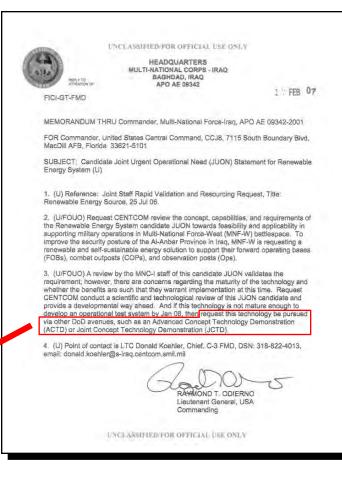
(U//FOUDO) Current solutions-such as providing additional security to our logistics convoys and conducting convoy operations during the hours of darkness-are inadequate, as they do not reduce the number of convoys on the road. Additionally, these current solutions divert our focus of effort from developing the fraqi Security Force (ISFF) to providing convoy security for our own logistics support. A proposed alternate solution-one that reduces the number of convoys while providing an additional capability to outlying bases-is to augment our use of fossil fuels with renewable energy, such as photovoltaic solar panels and wind turbines, at our outlying bases. By reducing the need for class III (petroleum) at our outlying bases, we can decrease the frequency of logistics convoys on the road, thereby reducing the danger to our Marines, soldders, and sailors.

(U//FOUO) Additionally, as we transfer control to the Iraqis, the addition of renewable and self-sustainable energy at the outlying bases will enable the Iraqis to operate independently, lessening the need for Coalition Forces to provide future logistics support.

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- 1 -

By reducing the need for Class III (petroleum)...we can decrease the frequency of logistics, convoys on the road, thereby reducing the danger to our Marines, Soldiers and Sailors.



Request this technology be pursued via other DoD avenues, such as...Joint Concept Technology Demonstration (JCTD).



NetZero Plus JCTD Program Schedule



NetZero+ JCTD		FY08			FY09			FY10			FY11					
		2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	40
	OND	JFM	AMJ	JAS	OND	JFM	AMJ	JAS	OND	JFM	AMJ	JAS	OND	JFM	AMJ	JAS
Documentation																
Notifed as Rolling Start																
JCTD Start																
Implementation Directive																
Management and Transition Plan																
Assessment Organization Identified																
Integrated Assessment Plan (IAP)																
Concept of Employment												A				
Training Support Packages												A				
Technology Insertion																
Eskimo (Foam Tent)																
EPCC							4									
Hybrid Tactical Power (Dome)																
Exterior Perimeter Lights																
Interior Lights																
Larger Dome																
Alternative Structures						4										
DREAM						1	A									
Microgrid/Power Generation							A									
Hybrid Prime Power																
Assessments																
Technology Selection	Tech	n Test	ing a	nd Se	electio	n for	each	Phas	se							
Data Recording																
LUA Demonstration																
MUA Demonstration																
MUA Memorandum																
Transition																
POM Cycle					FY12	PBR	R, Sen	vice E	Build a	and S	<u>ubmi</u>	t	BA4E	Bridgir	ng Fun	ds
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			Com	plete	d			Plar	ned				POM	1 Acti	vities	



Energy Efficient Shelter Evaluation Overview



Goals and Objectives:

- Gather baseline energy usage data fin a relevant environment
- Gather energy usage data for different configurations of energy saving technologies
- Creative a comparative and comprehensive report based on this data

Expeditionary:

- Shelters:
- Shading Systems:
- Lighting:
- Insulation:

Enduring Shelters:

- Spray foam insulation
- Dome

Data collection and analysis

- Ultimately, reducing generator requirements and fuel
- Power Usage will be primary metric



Energy Efficient Structures-Expeditionary



Technologies being brought to the table

- New airbeam energy efficient tents
- Power Shades
- Solar Shades





- Honeycomb insulation liner (temper tent)
- Air gel insulation liner (temper tent)



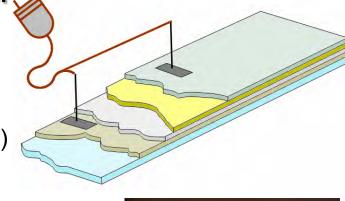


Energy Efficient Structures-Expeditionary



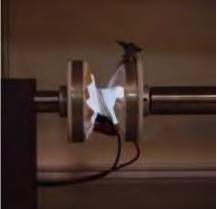
Flexible, Electroluminescent (EL) Lighting Surfaces:

- Provide general illumination for shelters
- Decreases deployment time, weight, and cube
- Polymer-based lighting surfaces are flexible, durable and safe
- Can be printed on multiple substrates (including fabric)
- Puncture of EL lamp does not cause failure











Energy Efficient Structures - Enduring



Dome Structure

- 2 Story Dome
- Size 72' x 27'
- Energy efficient HVAC units
- Earth Return Ventilation (ERV)
- Energy efficient lighting
- Brigade TOC (footprint)





Energy Efficient Structures - Enduring



Exterior Spray Foam

- •Foam insulate temporary tents, containerized living units, office spaces and freezer units to decrease air and dust infiltration.
- •Foam is deployed using self-contained, self-powered, Conex-transported spray kits.
- •Foam is applied by experts who prepare the structure, apply foam, apply protective coating, and monitor air exchange.



Before

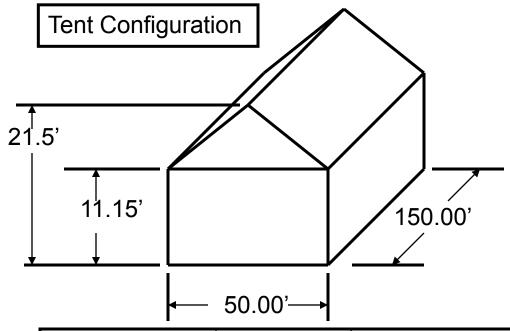


After



Power and Environmental Analysis - Preliminary





R-Value: A measure of the ability to retard heat flow rather than transmit heat

k-factor: Thermal Conductivity is the measure of a material's ability to transfer heat.

Thickness of material (in)
R = -----k-factor (BTU-in/hr-Sqft- F)

Tow - Tiw q= k.A -----

q – Heat Transfer rate k – Thermal conductivity

A – Material Total Area Tow – Wall outside temp

Tiw - Wall inside temp

L - Wall Material Thickness

Tent Parameters	Un-foamed Tent	Foamed Tent	Comments
Tent Surface Area (Roof and Walls)	13,093 Sq Ft	13,093 Sq Ft	Calculated
Tent Air Volume	122,437.5 Cu ft	122,437.5 Cu Ft	Calculated
Tent Wall and Roof Thickness	.018 Inches	3.00 Inches	Unfoamed tent – Measured; Foamed tent – avg. thickness
Tent Material R Value	R1	R5.6 – R8 per inch; Avg: R5.6 /in = R16.8; R6.8/in =R20.4	Base on Contractor = R13 Base on DOE Data = R16.8
Tent Material	PVC - Fabric	Polyisocyanurate (Sprayed Foamed)	Manufacturer: Losberger Intertent GmbH
Estimated Electrical Loads	2.5 kW (1.0 – 1.2, lights; 1.3, mission)	TBD	Tent measured elec. load
Tent personnel Capacity	150	150	Avg occupancy per rotation is approx. 100 people



Data Summary Sheet Preliminary



Description	Set Parameters	Un-foamed Tent (LSA) Measured Data (Winter)	Un-foamed Tent (LSA) Actual Measured Data (Summer; Jul - XXXX)	Foamed Tent Measured Data (Winter)	Foamed Tent Measured Data (Summer)
No. Person	150	Approx. 100 people			
Environmental : (°F) Tent Inside	75 - 85	Day - 72.1 Night - 60.5			
Environmental : (°F) Tent Outside	AR 70 – 38 -25°F to 125°F	Day - 56.6 Night - 45.1			
Environmental : (°F) Inside Wall	TBD	Day - 62.2 Night - 43.4			
Environmental : (°F) Outside Wall	TBD	Day - 63.6 Night - 41.9			
Lights Electrical Loads	TBD	1.0 – 1.2 kW			
Mission Electrical Loads	TBD	1.3 kW			
Tent Material		PVC Fabric			
Tent R Value	TBD	.018 inch thk (single Layer, no insulation) = R1	.018 inch thk (single Layer, no insulation) = R1	3.00 in thk = R13 – 16 per Contractor; R20.4 per DOE Data Sheet	3.00 in thk = R13 – 16 per Contractor; R20.4 per DOE Data Sheet
ECU kW (Max)	TBD	106. 614 kW (Heat)			
Total kW Load	XXXX.XX kW	108.799 kW (Heat + Tent Electrical Load)			
Total Cooling/Heating Load (incl solar)	Based on computer Simulation	Based on computer Simulation			



Data Questionare - Preliminary



Using the following scales, please rate your experience with foamed tents by circling the appropriate number for each item.

[Effectiveness ite: 1. How effective		ne foaming o	of the tent to be?			
1 Not at all effective	2	3	4	5	6	7 Very effective
[Effectiveness ite: 2. On average, he		e was the ter	mperature inside	the foamed te	nt?	
1 Not at all comfortable	2	3	4	5	6	7 Very comfortable
[Sustainability ite 3. Please rate the		materials fo	or repairing the f	oamed tent:		
1 Not at all available	2	3	4	5	6	7 Very available
[Sustainability ite 4. Please rate the		personnel f	or maintenance of	of the foamed	tent:	
1 Not at all available	2	3	4	5	6	7 Very available
[Compatibility/In 5. Please rate the			with other comp	onents of the	tent structu	re:
1 Not at all compatible	2	3	4	5	6	7 Very compatible
[Impact on operate 6. Please rate the		foamed tent	on day-to-day o	perations and	mission red	quirements:
1 Very <i>negative</i> impact	2	3	4 <i>Neutral</i> impact	5	6	7 Very positive impact
[Effectiveness ite: 7. Overall, how s		ou with the	foaming of the t	ent?		
1 Not at all satisfied	2	3	4	5	6	7 Very satisfied

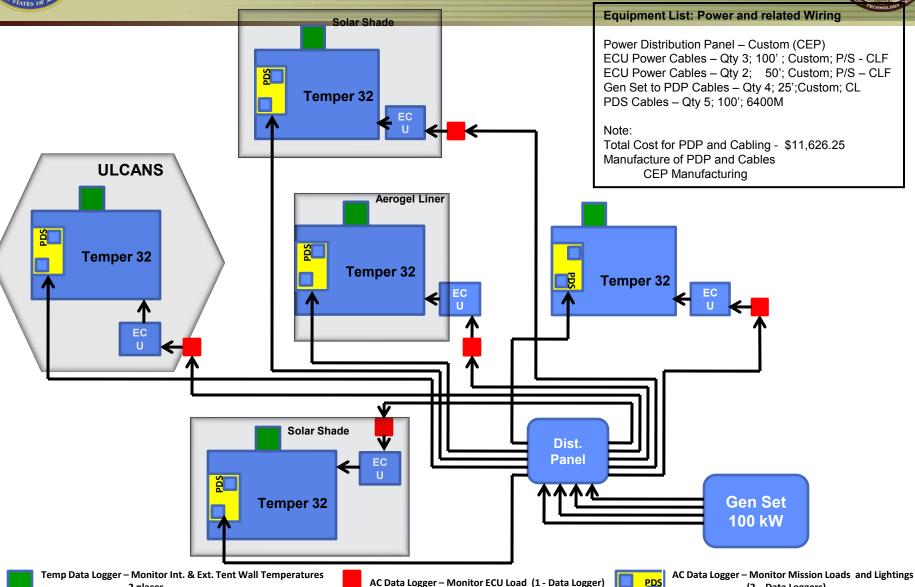


- 2 places

Expeditionary Power Assessment ECU and Mission Load



(2 – Data Loggers)





Enduring Power Assessment - Dome Solar and Wind Data



- Dome Renewable power system equipment we are monitoring:
- Renewable Sources at COB King

Black Box

Power

Panel (Loads)

- 2 solar charge modules
- 2 wind turbines
- 1 generator
- 4 inverters

Back-up

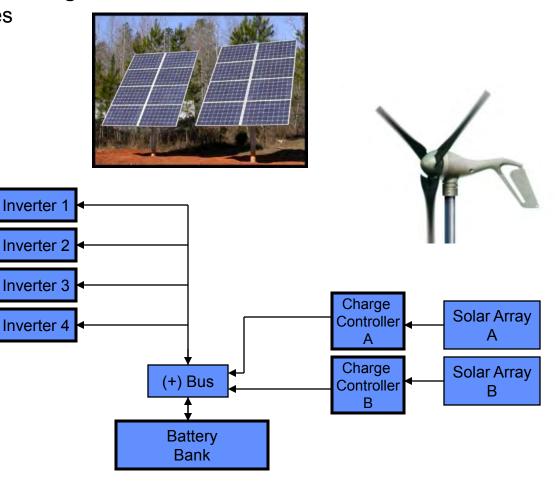
Generator

Wind Turbine

Wind Turbine

В

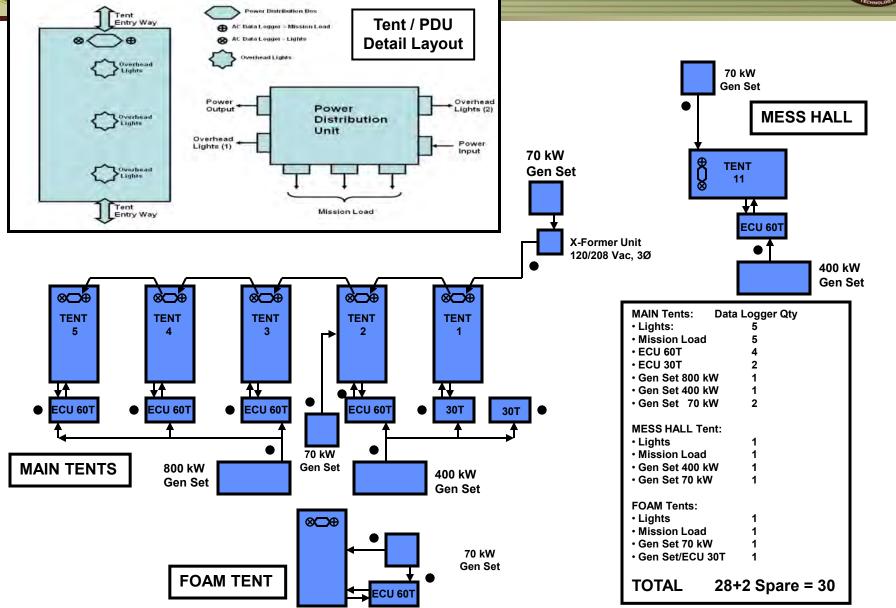
1 battery bank





Enduring Power Assessment - Foam ECU and Mission Load

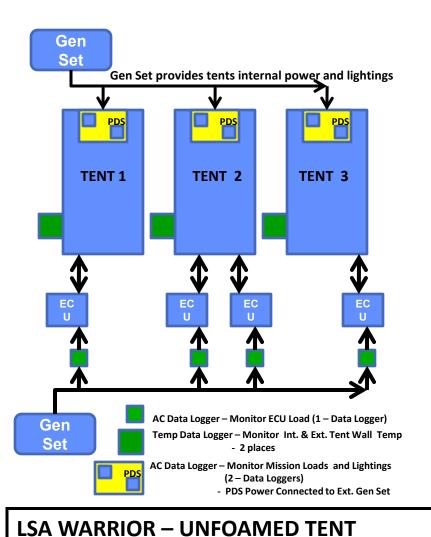






Enduring Power Assessment - Foam vs Unfoamed ECU and Mission Load





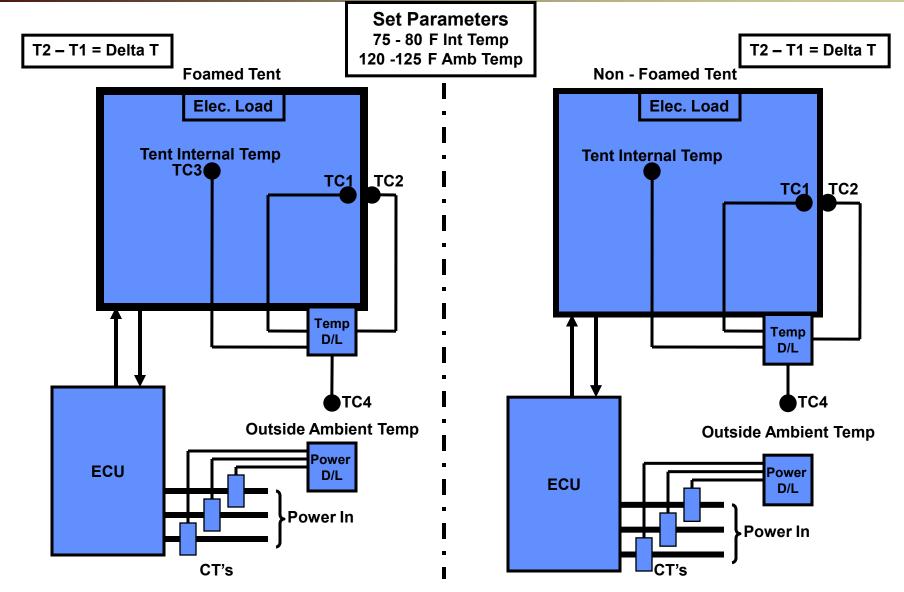
Note: ECUs and CB BOXES are located on permanent concrete pads **Currently ECUs and PDS configuration are not defined ECU ECU ECU TENT TENT TENT** СВ Gen Gen Gen Set Set Set AC Data Logger - Monitor ECU Load (1 - Data Logger) Temp Data Logger - Monitor Int. & Ext. Tent Wall Temp - 2 places AC Data Logger - Monitor Mission Loads and Lightings (2 - Data Loggers) - PDS Power connected to CB BOX

FOB KING/Miami – FOAMED TENT



Foamed and Non Foamed Tent Cooling load Comparison







Baseline Testing Equipment – ECU and Mission Loads



Data Logger



Data Logger location Outside Tent

Ambient Temp Thermocouple



Outside



Inside

Tent Wall Thermocouples



Outside Wall



Inside Wall



Baseline Testing Equipment – ECU and Mission Loads



Power Adaptor Box to ECU (20T Unit)



Power Adaptor Box to HTR Pwr. Dist.



Tent Power Dist. Box





ECU Power Adaptor Box



Heater Power Dist. Box



Auxiliary Heater (2 per Tent)



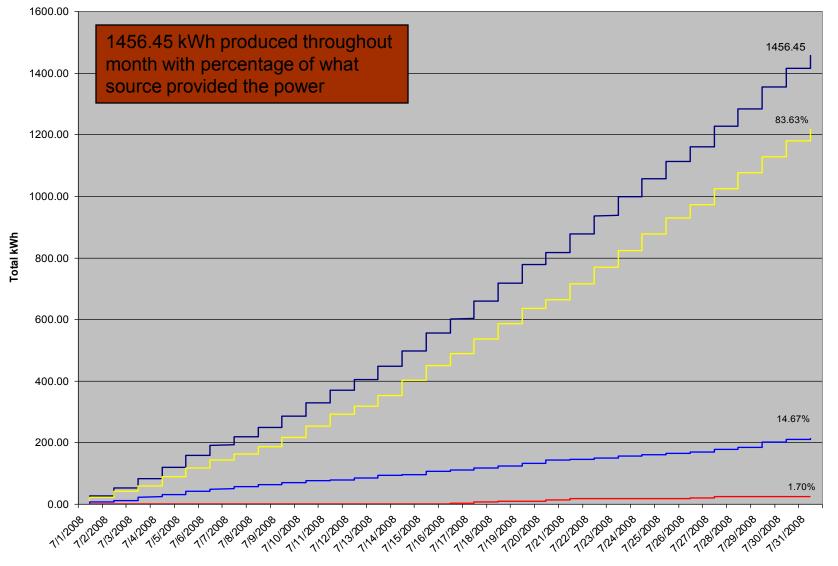
Enduring Power Assessment - Dome Solar and Wind Data



Total kWh vs. Run Time

- Total kWh

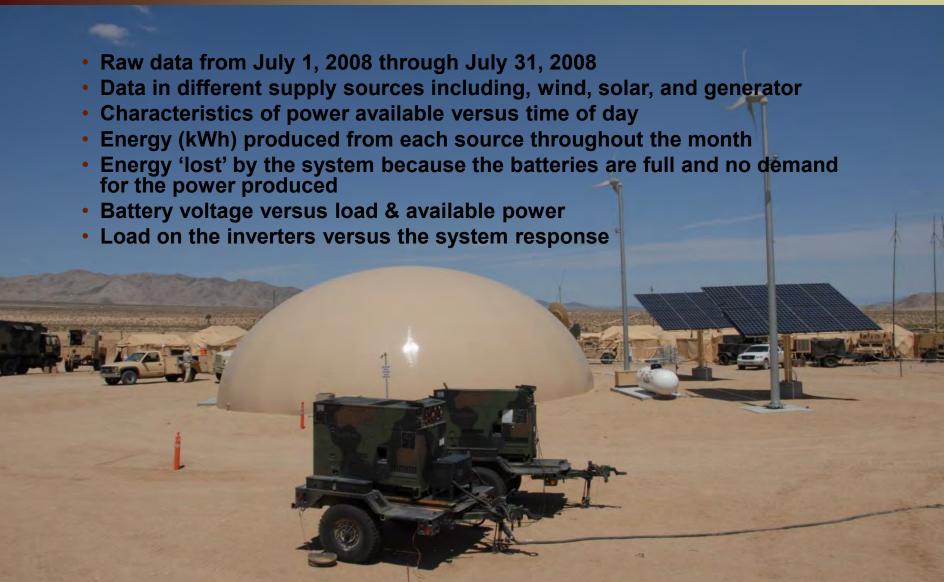
Solar - Wind





Energy Efficient Structures – Enduring Preliminary Analysis



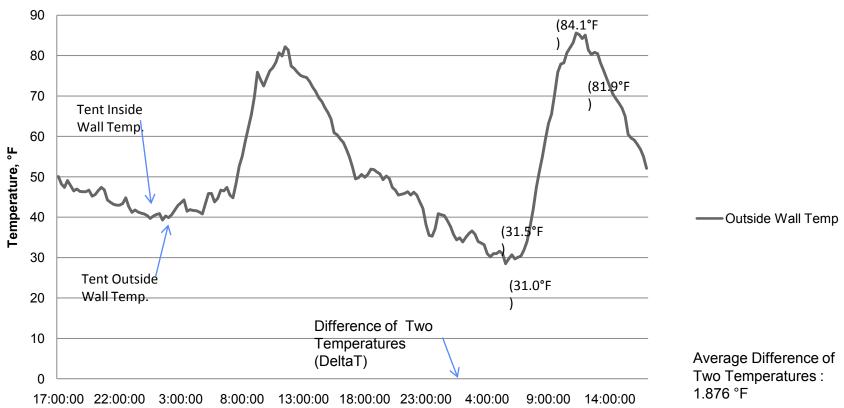




Energy Efficient Structures – Enduring Preliminary Analysis



Foamed Tent No. 1 - Inside and Outside Wall Temperature



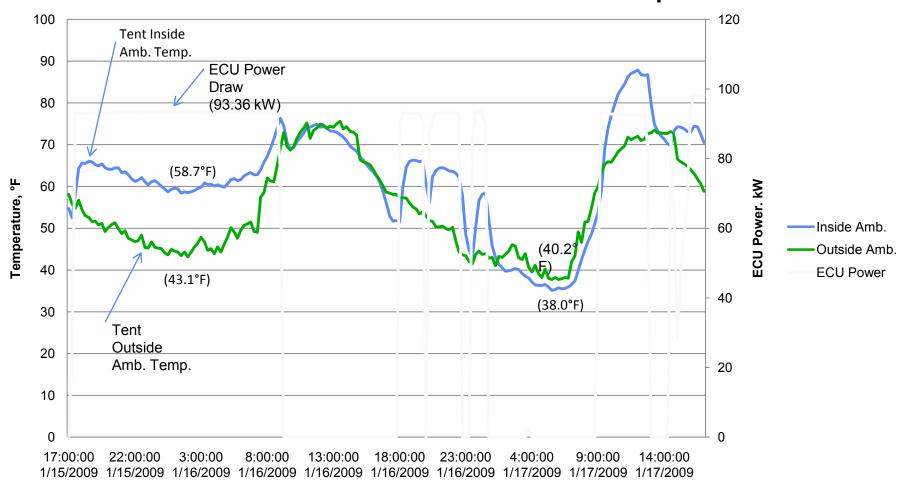
1/15/2009 1/15/2009 1/16/2009 1/16/2009 1/16/2009 1/16/2009 1/16/2009 1/17/2009 1/17/2009 1/17/2009



Energy Efficient Structures – Enduring Preliminary Analysis



Tent No. 1 - Inside and Outside Ambient Temperature





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